



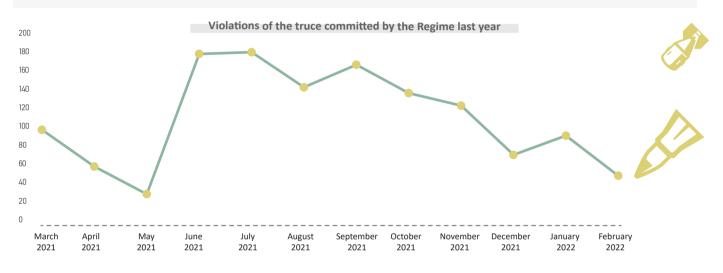
FIELD DEVELOPMENTS

NORTHEAST AND NORTHWEST 22-28 February; 2022

violations of truce committed by the Regime and its Russian ally

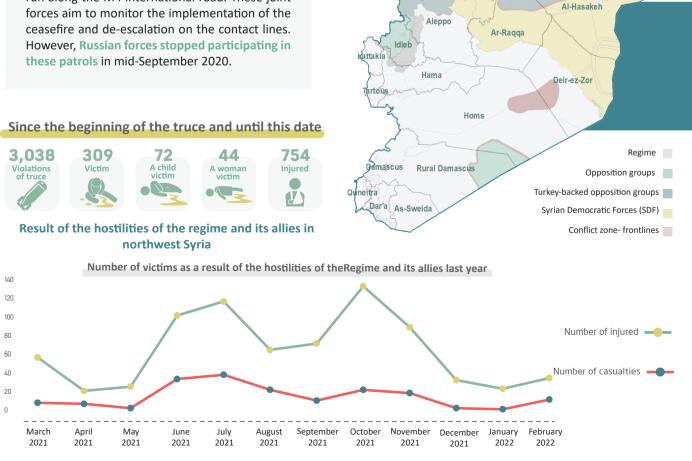
Controlling Parties 28 February 2022

After the Turkey and Russia reached a **ceasefire agreement** in Idlib governorate on March 5, 2020, the Syrian regime and its Russian ally did not bomb northwest Syria with warplanes. However, the **regime continued to bomb** these cities and towns **with heavy artillery and rockets** from ground launchers. On June 2, 2020, **Russian warplanes resumed bombing** cities and towns in northwest Syria, and the regime continued to bombard them with heavy artillery and rockets from ground launchers. Through its network of enumerators, **ACU worked on documenting the regime's breach of the ceasefire.** As of the date of preparing this report, the Syrian regime and its Russian ally have violated the ceasefire **3**,038 times.



After the ceasefire came into effect, **Turkish and Russian forces began conducting joint military patrols** on the contact lines between the regime forces and the opposition forces, as these patrols run along the M4 international road. These joint forces aim to monitor the implementation of the ceasefire and de-escalation on the contact lines. However, **Russian forces stopped participating in these natrols** in mid-September 2020

وحدة تنسيق الدعم



FIELD DEVELOPMENTS

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Last week



communities were shelled by artillery and rocket launchers

5

• 2 Civilian casualties as a result of the bombing

5 Injured

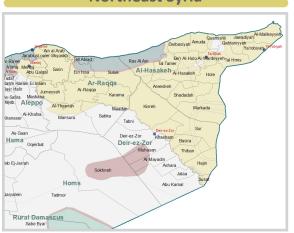
Result of the hostilities of the Regime and its allies in northwest Syria

IIn northwest Syria: two IEDs detonated, killing one civilian and injuring two others. In northwest Syria camps 14 accidents led to the burning of 21 tents and damaging 2,537 tents as a result of rainstorms and severe winds.

In the central area of Idlib governorate, on 23 February 2022, a projectile from a previous shelling on the outskirts of Belyoun by the regime forces exploded, injuring 2 children. In the southern countryside of Idlib, regime forces bombarded the towns of al-Fatira and Sfouhn, injuring a civilian and killing more than 40 sheep in Sfouhn. In the western countryside of Idlib, a bomb from a previous shelling by the regime on the Aara al-Qabli-Adwaan town exploded, killing a child. In the central area of Idlib governorate, on 27 February 2022, regime forces shelled the town of Afas with heavy artillery, killing two civilians and injuring four; the shelling targeted a kindergarten.

In the northern countryside of Aleppo, on 23 February 2022, Russian warplanes dropped flare bombs on the western outskirts of al-Bab city. On 26 February 2022, a civilian was sniped and killed by the so-called Syrian Democratic Forces (SDF) while fishing on the banks of the Euphrates River near Jarablus city. On 27 February 2022, SDF fired several bursts of 23 mm caliber machine-gun at Azaz National Hospital, damaging the hospital and injuring a civilian. A young man was found to have committed suicide by hanging himself in a farm near the city of Afrin.

In the northern countryside of Idlib, heavy rainstorms and winds occurred between 21-26 February 2022, completely destroying 1,090 tents, and partially damaging 1,447 tents. All the IDPs' shelter materials in those tents were damaged. On 23 February 2022, two displaced girls living in the Foua twon committed suicide by taking poisonous pills (gas pills), and the information indicates that the reason for the suicide was difficult living conditions and the resulting psychological pressure.



Northeast Syria

In the eastern countryside of Deir ez-Zor, on 22 February 2022, a Russian military vehicle ran over a family near al-Halabiya roundabout in Hatlah town (near the entrance to the northern city of Deir ez-Zor), where the family was riding a motorcycle when it was run over by a Russian vehicle, killing a woman and seriously injuring her husband and child.

In the northern countryside of al-Hasakah, On 23 February 2022, a regime forces checkpoint blocked a United States patrol and prevented it from passing through the village of Khweiled, which is part of the Tal Brak town (Be'r al-Hilu al-Wardiyye) in the al-Hasakah countryside. On 25 February 2022, the International Coalition forces dispatched new military reinforcements to their bases in northeast Syria, where 23 trucks carrying logistical items and equipment entered northeast Syria through the al-Walid border crossing with the Kurdistan region of Iraq. The trucks were escorted by a number of military vehicles to their final destination at coalition bases in northeast Syria. A few days prior, large military reinforcements of Russian troops arrived at al-Qamishli Airport in the northeast countryside of al-Hasakah, including four military vehicles and more than 65 Wagner mercenaries. It also included two Sukhoi 24 warplanes from the Humaimeem Base. It should be noted that months ago, Russia began transforming part of al-Qamishli Airport into an airbase for its forces, and the first Russian warplane landed in the airport at the end of last October.

In the northeastern countryside of Aleppo, on 24 February 2022, the so-called Syrian Democratic Forces (SDF) launched a major arrest campaign in Manbij city and its countryside, targeting those who had reconciled with the regime. SDF arrested more than 40 people from Manbej city and its countryside. It is worth mentioning that a reconciliation center was opened for the people of Manbij city in the regime-controlled city of Maskana.

In the eastern countryside of Deir ez-Zor, on 26 February 2022, popular demonstrations were renewed in Deir ez-Zor governorate, rejecting and condemning the policy of the so-called Syrian Democratic Forces (SDF), which was accused of plundering the region's wealth. The people of al-Ezba village in the northern countryside of Deir ez-Zor came out with mass demonstrations demanding SDF to find radical solutions to improve the deteriorating living conditions. The demonstrators blocked the roads with burning tires, and raised slogans against SDF's policy, and in protest against the failure of SDF to distribute the residents' allocations of fuel, in addition to their demand for the release of the detainees in SDF prisons. Also, the demonstrators demanded to change the living and service reality from which the people suffer, which is deliberately imposed by SDF as it neglects to provide services to the region. The locals confirm that SDF deliberately marginalizes the Deir ez-Zor area under its control, and deprives it of the minimum rights and services, in conjunction with SDF's continuation of plundering the wealth of the region, which is one of the richest areas in Syria.

