SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC - NORTHEAST AND NORTHWEST





## FIELD DEVELOPMENTS

NORTHEAST AND NORTHWEST 1-7 November; 2022

violations of truce \_\_\_\_\_\_ the Regime and its Russian ally

**Controlling Parties 7 November 2022** 

Ar-Raqqa

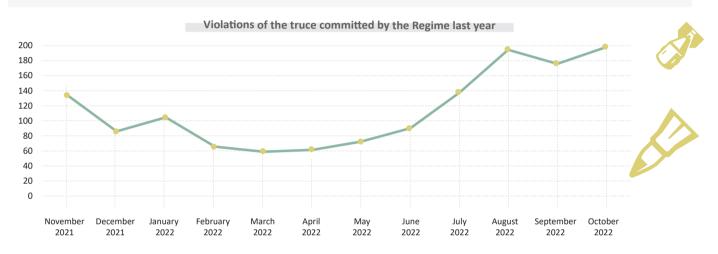
Aleppo

Idleh

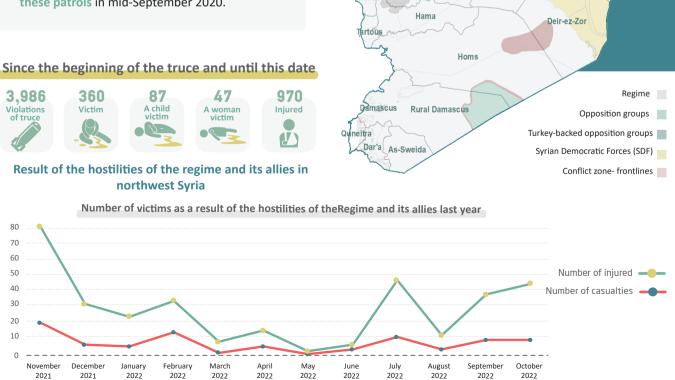
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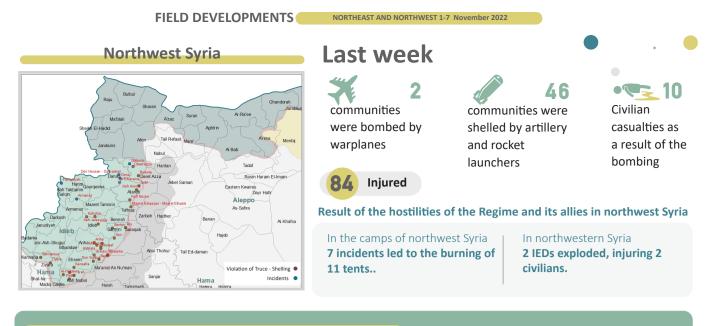
Al-Hasakeh

After the Turkey and Russia reached a ceasefire agreement in Idlib governorate on March 5, 2020, the Syrian regime and its Russian ally did not bomb northwest Syria with warplanes. However, the regime continued to bomb these cities and towns with heavy artillery and rockets from ground launchers. On June 2, 2020, Russian warplanes resumed bombing cities and towns in northwest Syria, and the regime continued to bombard them with heavy artillery and rockets from ground launchers. Through its network of enumerators, ACU worked on documenting the regime's breach of the ceasefire. As of the date of preparing this report, the Syrian regime and its Russian ally have violated the ceasefire 3.986 times.



After the ceasefire came into effect, Turkish and Russian forces began conducting joint military patrols on the contact lines between the regime forces and the opposition forces, as these patrols run along the M4 international road. These joint forces aim to monitor the implementation of the ceasefire and de-escalation on the contact lines. However, Russian forces stopped participating in these patrols in mid-September 2020.





In the central area of Idleb governorate, on 3 November 2022, regime forces rocketed the western outskirts of Idleb city, injuring three civilians. On 6 November 2022, regime forces shelled with surface-to-surface missiles the Maram, Watan, Wadi Hajj Khalid, Kafruhin water station, and Murin camps in addition to the Baeeba camp in the town of Kafr Jales. Nine displaced persons were killed, including three children and one woman. Also, 80 were injured, and ten were critically wounded. More than 3,000 residents of these camps were displaced to nearby farms, and 150 displaced persons' homes (Better shelter) were destroyed, including 90 completely destroyed and 60 partially destroyed. Bathrooms, water tanks, and solar energy systems of camps were destroyed. The Russian warplanes then bombarded the farms in the area with several airstrikes. The regime forces bombarded with heavy artillery the cities of Idleb, Sarmin, and Ariha, and the towns of Banin, Moataf, Ruwaiha, Shinan, San, Maartalia, Marzaf, Kansafra, Kafrlata, and Afs. The shelling of the town of Kafrlata resulted in a civilian's death and a civilian's injury.



In Al Hol camp in the northern countryside of Al-Hasakeh, on 2 November 2022, the Dutch government recovered 12 women and 28 children detained in Al-Hasakeh camp by the so-called Syrian Democratic Forces (SDF). On 3 November 2022, SDF arrested displaced persons from Al Hol camp after they protested against the construction of a fence separating the sectors within the camp. SDF began erecting fences and barbed wire separating the sectors in Al Hol camp to isolate them from each other and facilitate their control.

**On 3 November 2022, in the northern countryside of Al-Hasakeh,** an explosive device exploded in Ras Al Ain, injuring a civilian. On 4 November 2022, the Archbishop of the Archdiocese of al-Jazeera and Euphrates said, "A delegation from the Autonomous Administration asked me to expel the children of the Kurds, Arabs, Islam, and Yazidis from our schools." The Archbishop of the "Archdiocese of al-Jazeera and Euphrates" of the Syriac Orthodox, "Mar\_Maurice\_Amseeh," revealed his refusal to replace the "government" curricula taught in the schools of the Syriac community in al-Jazeera, with the curriculum of the Autonomous Administration of the so-called Syrian Democratic Forces. He explained that a delegation from the ministry affiliated with the Autonomous Administration and Kurdish leaders met with him as he is responsible for 23 schools of the Syriac community in al-Jazeera, and asked him to cooperate with the abolition of the Syrian governmental curriculum and adopt the "Autonomous Administration" curriculum. Amseeh said to them, "When you have a flag in the United Nations and full sovereign independence, then I would recognize your curriculum. For me, the Syrian governmental curriculum is a red line," adding that they asked him to expel the children of Kurds, Arabs, Islam, and Yazidis from his schools, and keep them for the Christian component only. According to the Christian Archbishop, this act of "The Autonomous Administration is aimed at stirring up strife in the region, and we do not need it. If they want to close schools, let them close the schools." International coalition forces dispatched a military convoy from Iraq to Syria, comprising 60 trucks carrying armored vehicles, radar equipment,

logistical equipment, and tank carriers. The convoy proceeded to the Rmeilan and Tal Baydar military bases in Al-Hasakeh countryside. On 5 November 2022, a Syrian army checkpoint expelled a US army column that attempted to enter the village of Umm al-Khayr in Tal Tamer countryside in the north-western Al-Hasakeh countryside.

In the eastern countryside of Aleppo, on 4 November 2022, the so-called Syrian Democratic Forces (SDF) seized nine civilian houses in the town of Hosharia, north of the city of Menbij, and converted them into military points on the pretext that they were close to the points of contact with the national army.

In the eastern countryside of Deir ez-Zor, on 4 November 2022, clashes occurred between the so-called Syrian Democratic Forces (SDF) and smugglers in the town of Hawayej Busamaa, where smugglers transport crude oil from SDF-controlled areas to regime-controlled areas across the Euphrates River.

