



# **Northwest of Syria Cholera Outbreak**

# **Situation Report No.27**

Epidemiological Week - 13 (26 March – 1 April 2023)

Date of Onset of Outbreak: 16 September 2022

Reporting Date of outbreak: 17 September 2022

Confirmation Date: 19 September 2022

**Suspected Cases: 62621** 

Confirmed Cases: 590

**Cholera Deaths: 23** 

Case Fatality Rate: 0.04%

**NWS Attack Rate: 1.35%** 

### **Key Highlights**

Cumulatively, a total of **62621 suspected** cases (**26082** in Aleppo governorate, **36539** in Idleb governorate) including **590 confirmed** have been reported by EWARN team since 16 September, including **23 deaths** case.

- The highest number of cases were reported in Harim district (19009) and Idleb district (10578) in Idleb governorate, then Azaz district (6230), Jebel Saman district (6152) in Aleppo governorate.
- 10610 total suspected cases (including 339 new cases in Epi week 13 2023) were reported from camps.
- 44.64 % Of the suspected cases are in the age group <5 years. Males are 52% of the total and females are 48%.
- Since the outbreak started, surveillance and reporting from facilities are being supported and strengthened. For better understanding of the background and context, <u>please read pervious sitreps.</u>
- Line list is shared with WHO and WASH team to aid Targeted response at a household level being conducted for identified cases.
- Active case search is ongoing, especially in the camps.





## **Situation Updates**

## 1. Epidemiology

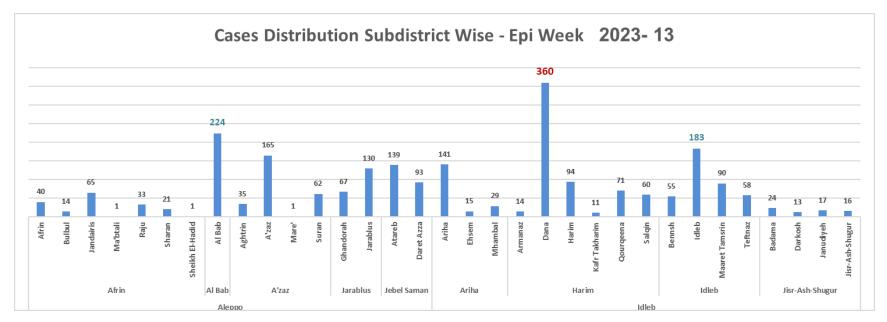
Updated case definition: A resident of outbreak areas with sudden onset of acute watery diarrhea with or without vomiting.

In Epi week 13 - 2023, 2342 suspected cases of cholera were reported. The affected governorates are Aleppo (1091 suspected cases, 7 confirmed), and Idleb (1251 suspected cases, 0 confirmed).

The age group less than 5 reported 44.53 %, while the age group more than 60 reported 23.23 % of the total.

There were no death cases in the epi week 12

Dana subdistrict in Idled governorate reported the highest number of cases (360), in contract Al-Bab subdistrict reported the highest number in Aleppo governorate (224).





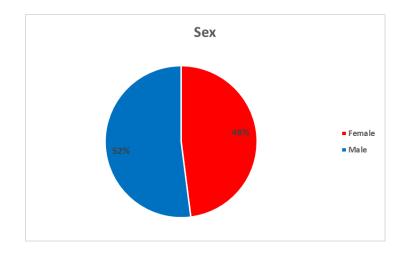


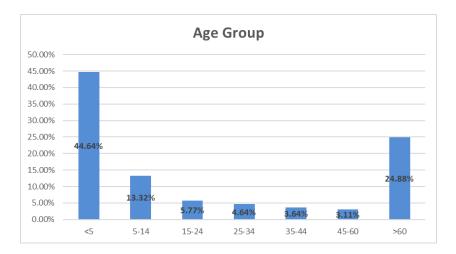
The overall sex distribution of the suspected cases is 52% Male, and 48% Female.

100% of the line listed cases were presented as Acute watery Diarrhea, 20% with vomiting, 5% as rice watery diarrhea, and 7% were dehydrated.

19 % of the total cases live in camps (10610), and 81% out of camps (44961). (7044 of the total line listed cases are unknown)

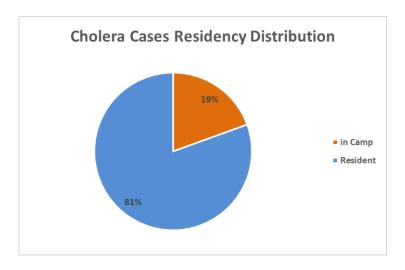
As the outbreak progresses, sensitivity should be increased by including smaller age groups and mild/moderate symptom groups in order to estimate the burden of the outbreak. According to WHO, in areas where a cholera outbreak has been confirmed, any person presenting with or dying from acute watery diarrhea is considered a suspected cholera case. The age group less than 5 years was 44.64%.

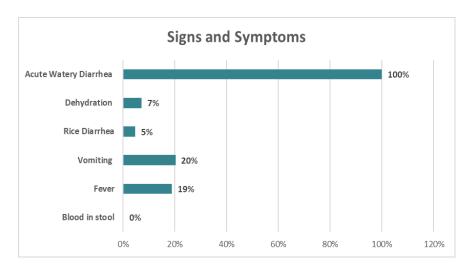


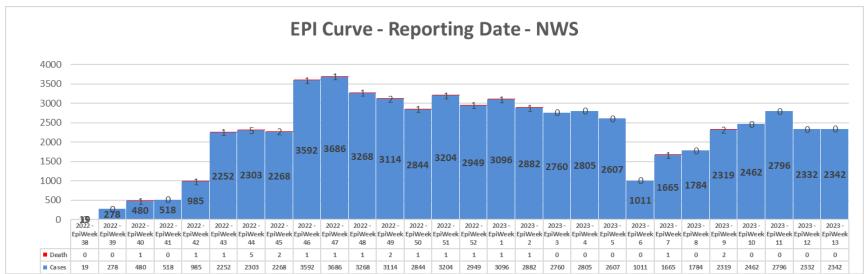








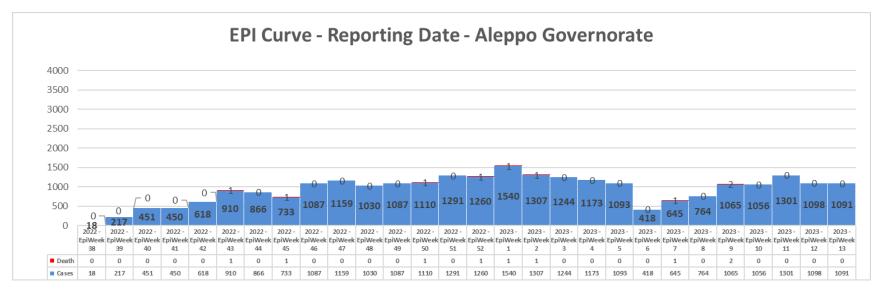


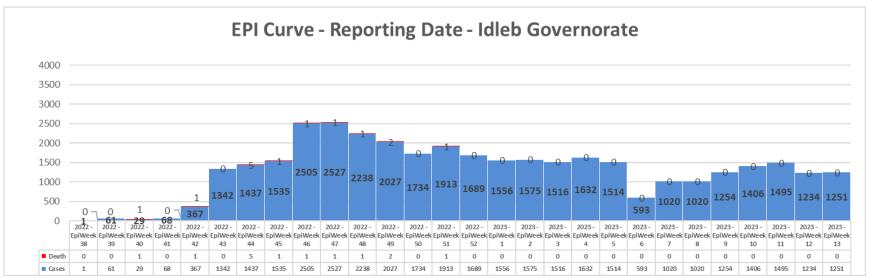


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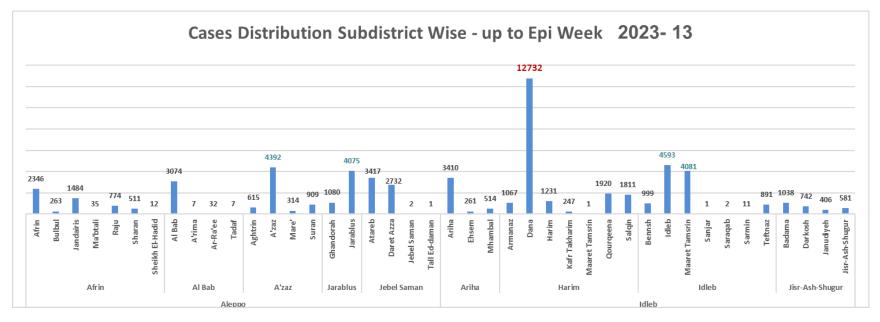








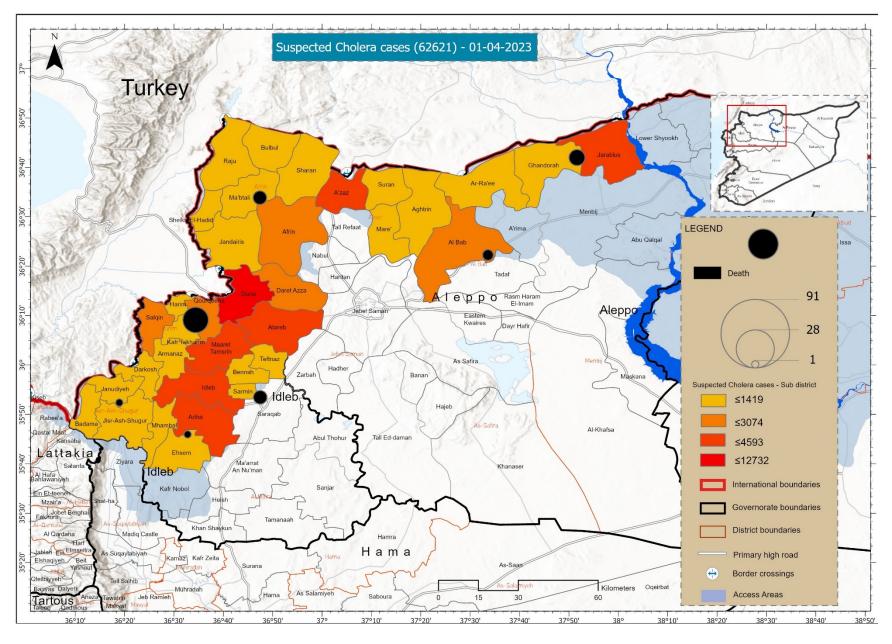




| Epi Week         | Governorate | District        | Date of Onset | Population | New cases | Cumulative<br>Cases | New<br>Death | Cumulative<br>Deaths | Case Fatality<br>Rate | Incidence Rate | Attack Rate |
|------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Up to W13 - 2023 | Idleb       | Ariha           | 20-Sep        | 185,668    | 185       | 4185                | 0            | 1                    | 0.02%                 | 99.6           | 2.25%       |
|                  |             | Harim           | 6-Sep         | 1,586,820  | 610       | 19009               | 0            | 9                    | 0.05%                 | 38.4           | 1.20%       |
|                  |             | Idleb           | 14-Sep        | 713,933    | 386       | 10578               | 0            | 3                    | 0.03%                 | 54.1           | 1.48%       |
|                  |             | Jisr-Ash-Shugur | 25-Sep        | 310,973    | 70        | 2767                | 0            | 1                    | 0.04%                 | 22.5           | 0.89%       |
|                  | Aleppo      | A'zaz           | 9-Sep         | 648,600    | 263       | 6230                | 0            | 0                    | 0.00%                 | 40.5           | 0.96%       |
|                  |             | Afrin           | 21-Sep        | 467,090    | 175       | 5425                | 0            | 3                    | 0.06%                 | 37.5           | 1.16%       |
|                  |             | Al Bab          | 17-Sep        | 339,812    | 224       | 3120                | 0            | 2                    | 0.06%                 | 65.9           | 0.92%       |
|                  |             | Jarablus        | 12-Sep        | 121,938    | 197       | 5155                | 0            | 4                    | 0.08%                 | 161.6          | 4.23%       |
|                  |             | Jebel Saman     | 10-Sep        | 251,785    | 232       | 6152                | 0            | 0                    | 0.00%                 | 92.1           | 2.44%       |
|                  | Total       |                 |               | 4,626,619  | 2342      | 62621               | 0            | 23                   | 0.04%                 | 50.6           | 1.35%       |







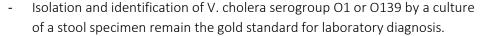
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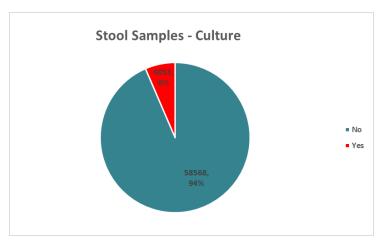


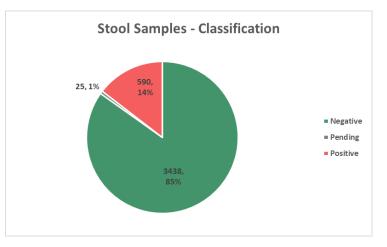
### **Laboratory**:

- In Epi week 13- 2023, the total number of stool specimens or rectal swabs is 129, (62 in Aleppo 7 confirmed), (67 in Idleb 0 confirmed).
- A cumulative of 4053 samples were collected since the start of the outbreak (6 % of overall line listed cases), of which 590 have tested positive by stool culture. The total positivity rate in NWS is 14.64 %.
- The Total number of negative cases by stool culture is 3438, and the remaining 25 are still pending.



- Currently, at EWARN laboratories (Idleb, Afrin, Jarablus, Raqqa, and Tal-Abiad) Fecal specimens are subcultured onto selective and nonselective media, including Nutrient agar and TCBS agar, for detection of V. cholera O1.
- Suspicious, oxidase-positive isolates are serotyped in polyvalent antisera raised against the O1 Antigen.
- Antimicrobial-sensitivity testing is performed to detect resistance.
- <u>The culture sensitivity results came sensitive for the following antibiotics:</u> <u>Azithromycin, Imipenem, Chloramphenicol, Ciprofloxacin, and Norfloxacin.</u>
- <u>The resistance is to Tetracycline, Doxycycline, and Sulfamethoxazole</u> <u>Trimethoprim.</u>
- The laboratory team handles the specimens and waste management according to infection control standards.
- The sample collection protocol is to collect stool samples in 7% of the total suspected cholera cases per subdistrict and 5 samples from the admitted cholera suspected cases in the CTC /CTU per week.





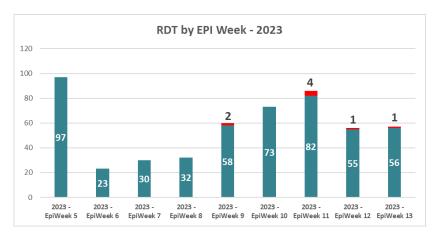




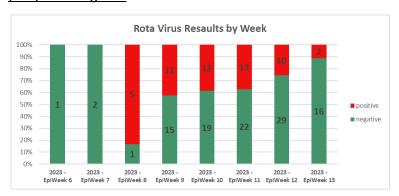
<u>During epi week 13, EWARN received 57 RDT results from the CTC/CTUs, and only 1 of them was positive for Cholera. (the positive case was negative in culture)</u>

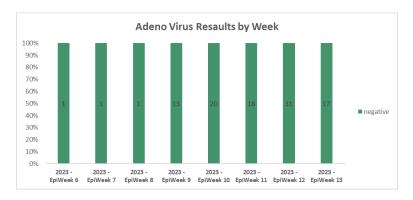
The total of RDT tests starting from epi week 5 reached 514, and the total positive is 8.

The positivity rate of RDTs, from epi week 5-2023 up to epi week 13-2023 is 1.55 %. But the positivity rate from the beginning of cholera outbreak up to epi week 13-2023 is 5.37 %.



- For children under 5 years of age with a stool culture negative for cholera:
  In epi week 13, 18 tests were carried out to detect Rotavirus (2 of them were positive), and 17 tests to detect Adenovirus (all of them were negative).
- The total number of collected samples for Rotavirus reached 158 (53 of them were positive), while all of the collected samples for Adenovirus (102) were negative

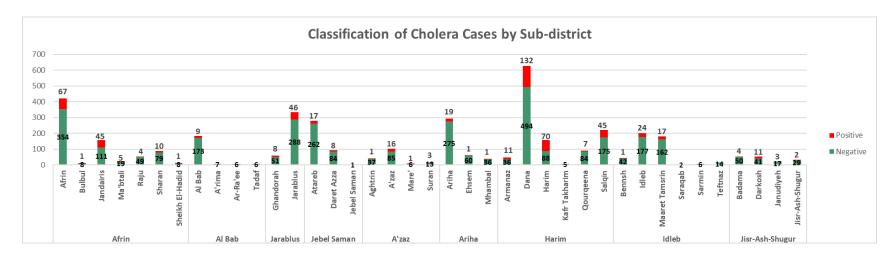






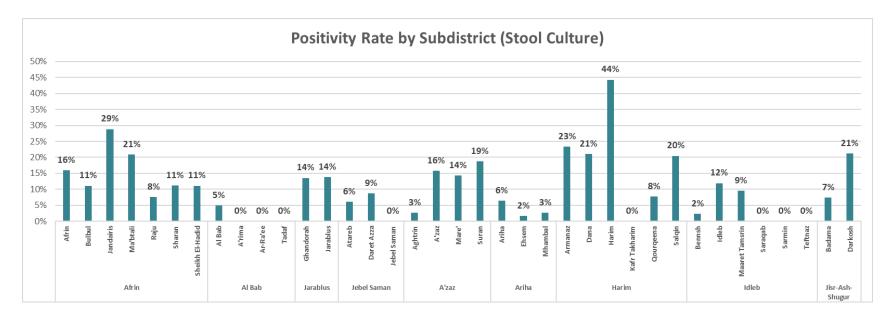


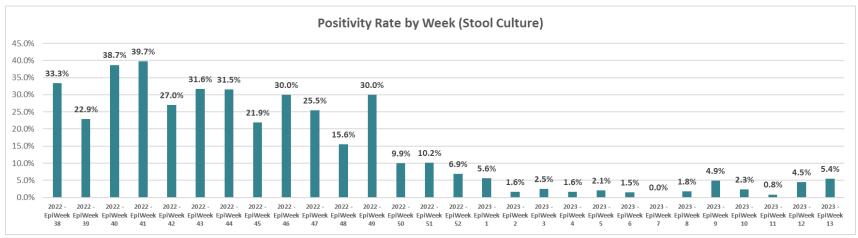
| Epi Week         | Governorate | District        | RDT+ | RDT- | Postivity Rate for RDT | Stool Culture Positive | Stool Culture Negative | Postivity Rate for Culture |
|------------------|-------------|-----------------|------|------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Up to W13 - 2023 | Aleppo      | Afrin           | 25   | 72   | 25.77%                 | 133                    | 628                    | 17.48%                     |
|                  |             | Al Bab          | 0    | 6    | 0.00%                  | 9                      | 192                    | 4.48%                      |
|                  |             | A'zaz           | 0    | 15   | 0.00%                  | 21                     | 141                    | 12.96%                     |
|                  |             | Jarablus        | 2    | 41   | 4.65%                  | 54                     | 339                    | 13.74%                     |
|                  | Idleb       | Jebel Saman     | 3    | 107  | 2.73%                  | 25                     | 347                    | 6.72%                      |
|                  |             | Ariha           | 0    | 65   | 0.00%                  | 21                     | 371                    | 5.36%                      |
|                  |             | Harim           | 12   | 348  | 3.33%                  | 265                    | 882                    | 23.10%                     |
|                  |             | Idleb           | 2    | 94   | 2.08%                  | 42                     | 403                    | 9.44%                      |
|                  |             | Jisr-Ash-Shugur | 0    | 28   | 0.00%                  | 20                     | 137                    | 12.74%                     |
|                  | Total       |                 | 44   | 776  | 5.37%                  | 590                    | 3440                   | 14.64%                     |















#### 2. WASH:

The WASH team works closely and in high coordination with RRT (Rapid Response Team), formed from staff working in EWARN (DLOs, FLOs...). The team, after receiving any alert, focuses on the investigation of WASH services in the hotspot areas.

The investigation includes:

- 1. Taking samples from drinking water resources (main stations, wells, water trucks, water taps.... etc.).
- 2. Investigate sewage networks and septic tanks' locations and other sanitation services.
- 3. Identify Hygienic practices.... etc.
- 4. Assessing agriculture markets (Identify irrigation water and resource of agricultural products if applicable).

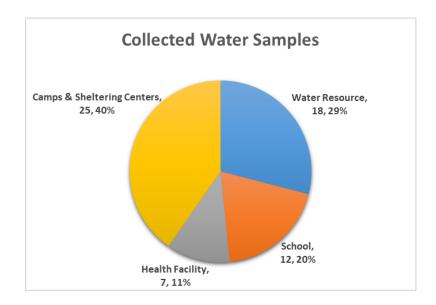
ACU team conducted 6 investigations included taking 62 samples from different points:

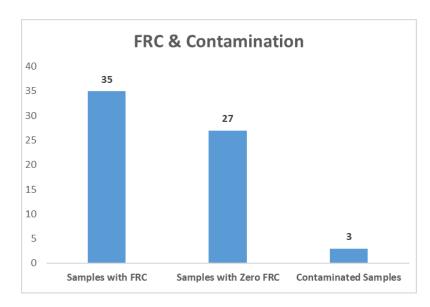
- **Pazar camp** / Afrin subdistrict / Afrin district / Aleppo governorate:
  - 8 samples were taken, all samples were not contaminated.
- **AlBab community** /AlBab subdistrict / AlBab district / Aleppo governorate:
  - 13 samples were taken, all samples were not contaminated.
- Mare community / Mare subdistrict / Azaz district / Aleppo governorate:
  - 8 samples were taken, two samples of which were contaminated.
- (Nayyara & Awtad Mulham camps) / Azaz subdistrict / Azaz district / Aleppo governorate:
  - 8 samples were taken; all samples were not contaminated.
- Tuwama community / Atareb subdistrict / Jebel Saman / Aleppo governorate:
  - 10 samples were taken, one sample of which was contaminated.
- (Alhijra & Al Sarout& Al Dana camps) / Dana subdistrict / Harim district / Idleb governorate:
  - 15 samples taken; all samples were not contaminated.

Full Investigation Reports









#### Actions taken

- The EWARN team is currently conducting active surveillance in the most important health facilities in northwest Syria (25 HFs). In Epi week 11- 2023, **18** field visits were completed. During the visit, the team reviews with the health facility staff the records to ensure the reported cases, also discusses the challenges, and recommendations, and collaborates to treat the problems.
- The EWARN team is currently receiving the RDT results from CTC/CTUs, and sharing them
- To determine the causes of acute watery diarrhea in children under 5 years (the children have a negative cholera result), the EWARN lab started conducting Rotavirus and Adenovirus rapid diagnostic tests (RDTs).

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- The response teams conducted an expanded investigation of the deaths that occurred since the beginning of the outbreak (23 deaths), where some possible causes were identified, and the teams made appropriate recommendations.
- ACU teams conduct regular awareness sessions about Cholera, prevention, and control measures for local authorities and affected people during the investigation. Besides, the result of investigations is shared with the WASH cluster and acting organization in the area to take immediate action.